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Nikon, Precision Equipment Company

Acceptable Photoresist Outgassing

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Updated Acceptable Outgassing Rate

Assumption

Degree of Vacuum of PO 1×10^{-5} Pa for H₂O
 1×10^{-7} Pa for C_xH_y

Resist Outgas/Residual Gas 1/20

Updated Acceptable Rate for α -tool

	Outgassing Rate [molecules cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]
H ₂ O	7×10^{14}
C _x H _y (] 45 amu)	7×10^{12}

About EUV Intensity on Wafer

Estimation of EUV intensity on wafer in production tool

Method-1 : from the source power of **115 W@IF**.

Total reflectivity loss of by 12 multilayer mirror(R=68%) = 0.01

Reflectivity loss by mask (65%)= 0.65

Other loss (50%: not sure): 0.5 →Total: 0.35 %

EUV power leaching onto wafer is **0.4 W**. IF the exposure area is assumed to be 0.5cm², EUV intensity on wafer is **0.8 W/cm²**.

Method-2: from throughput of **100 WpH** and resist sensitivity of **5mJ/cm²**

Exposure area= $\pi \times (15\text{cm})^2 \times 80\%$ (effective area ratio)=565 cm²

Exposure time=3600s/100x40%(overhead correction)=14.4 s

$$\text{Power} = \frac{5 \text{ mJ/cm}^2}{14.4 \text{ s}} \times 565 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{0.2 \text{ W}}$$

EUV intensity =0.2W/0.5 cm² = **0.4 W/cm²**

Though there are twice discrepancy, It is not so bad..

Temporary, we adopt **0.2 W** for power and **0.4 W/cm²** for intensity.



The estimation seems OK.

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- In-situ and in real time measurement by RGA and pressure gauge is preferable.
- Two mass ranges: H₂O (17, 18 amu) and] 45 amu
- Condition of resist-coated wafer must be unified if at all possible.
 - ✓ Time after coating
 - ✓ Storage atmosphere
 - ✓ Time after evacuation
 - ✓ Time before EUV irradiation
- Estimation of intensity dependency is also required.