



Benchmarking test results on SEMATECH ML1 Ru-capped optics test sample

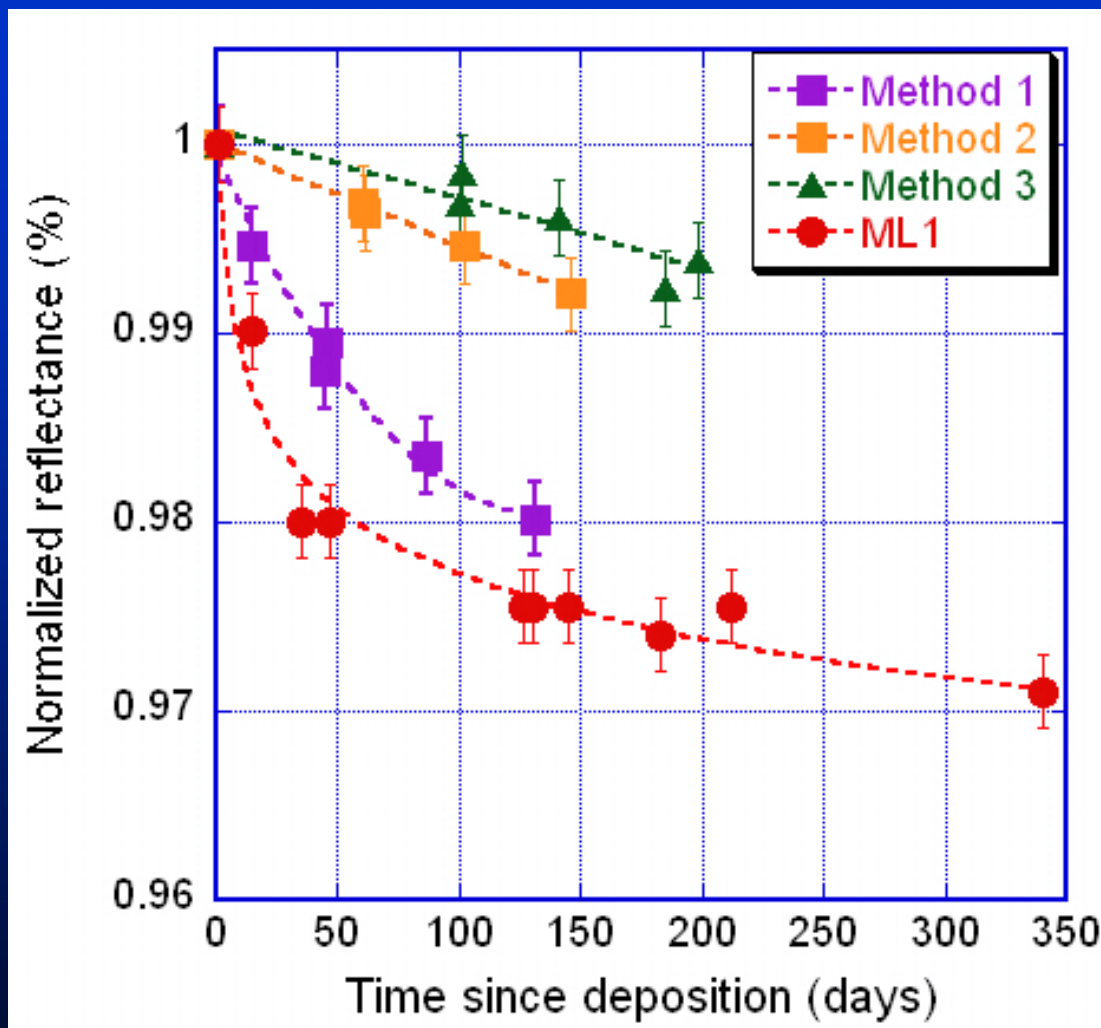
Comparison to TiO_2 -capped MLs

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TiO₂-capped MLs show significantly better lifetime stability in the air when compared to ML1 (Ru-capped)

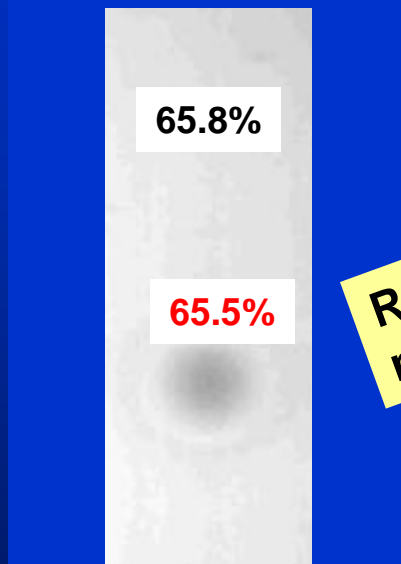


All TiO₂-capped MLs are of similar thickness (1.5 nm).

TiO₂-capped multilayers (Method 3) show better oxidation resistance than Ru-capped multilayers



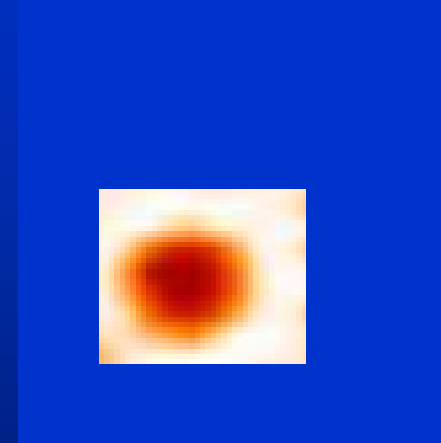
TiO₂-capped ML
 $\Delta R = -0.3\%$



Repeatable
measurement

Exposure parameters:
40 hrs EUV light
~5 mW/mm²
2 x 10⁻⁷ Torr H₂O

Ru-capped ML
 $\Delta R = -3.1\%$



Exposure parameters:
38 hrs EUV light
~5 mW/mm²
7.5 x 10⁻⁸ Torr H₂O

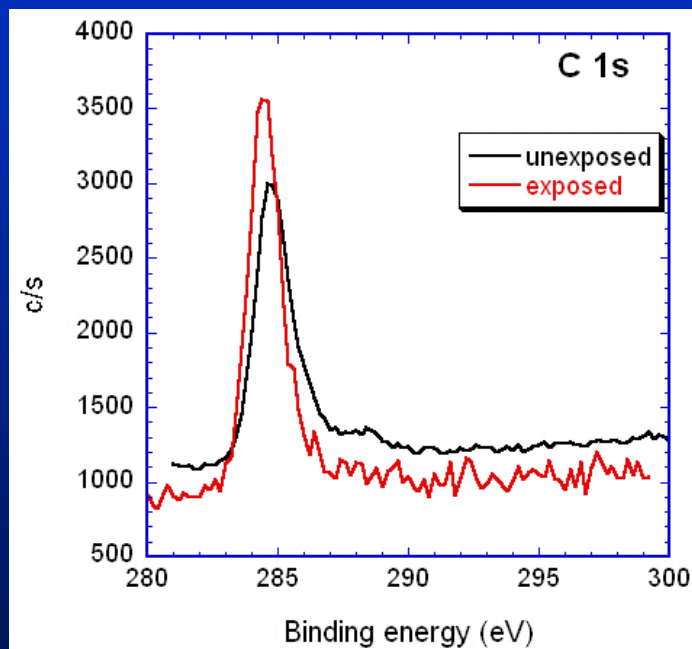
(Pei-yang Yan et al., BACUS 05, 5992-135)

At least 10x better lifetime for TiO₂-capped MLs as compared to Ru-capped MLs (comparable EUV exposure in oxidizing environment).

Preliminary XPS results show interesting differences in surface chemistry after EUV exposures (oxidizing environment)

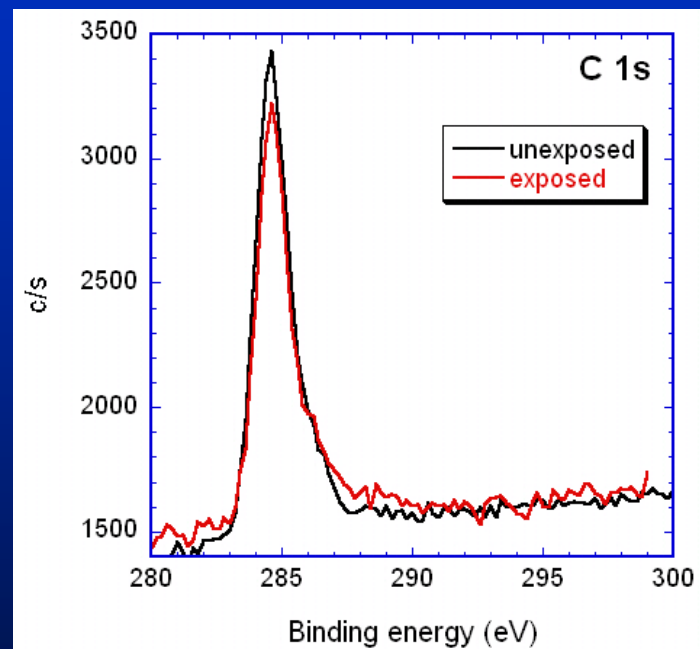


Area exposed to EUV light + water vapor shows carbon growth for Method 1 sample and carbon removal for Method 3 sample



Method 1
Carbon growth

(30 at.% to 36 at.%)



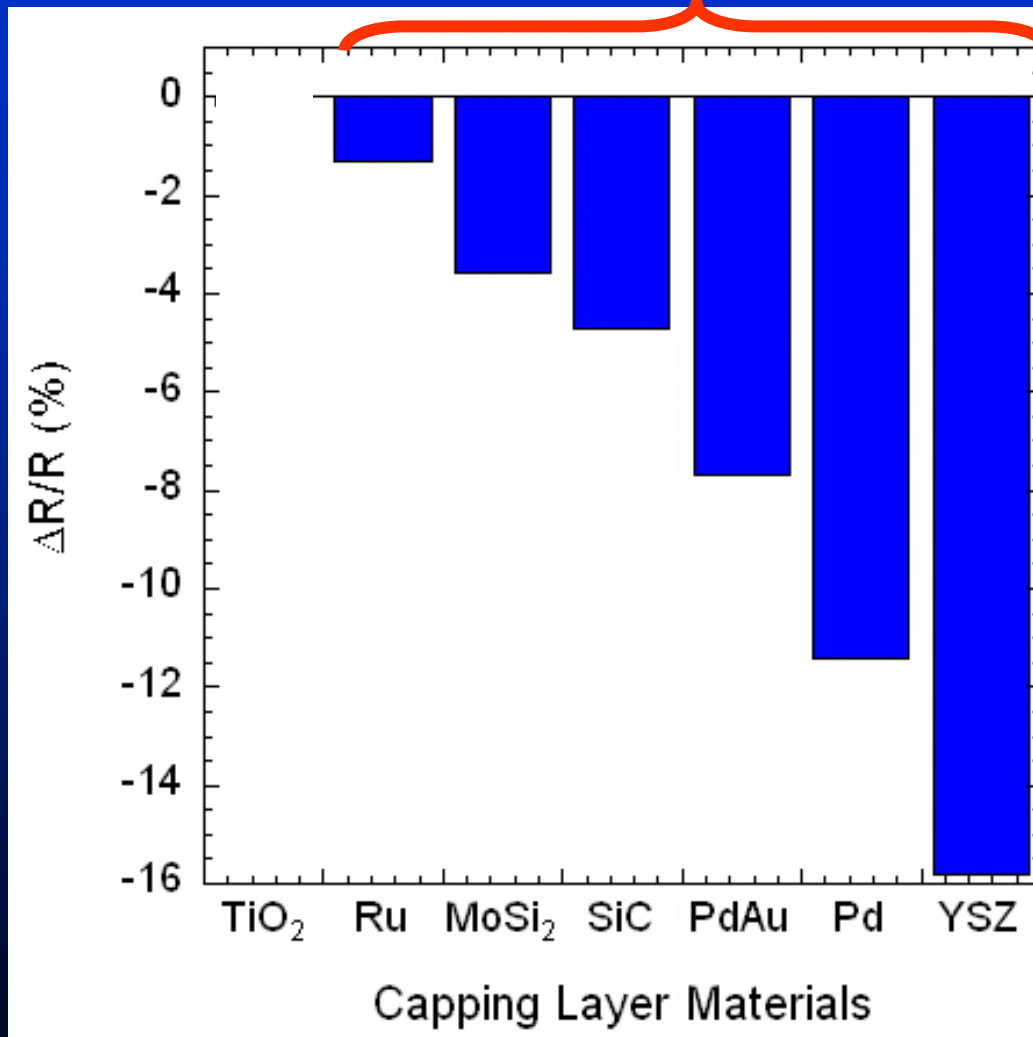
Method 3
Carbon removal

(32 at.% to 25 at.%)

Reflectivity loss as a function of material under oxidizing conditions for e-beam exposures



SEMATECH (LITH 160)

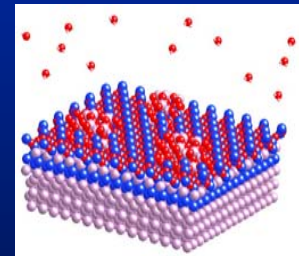
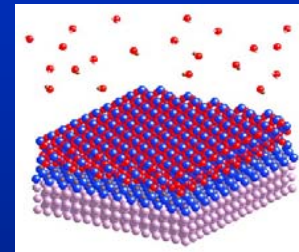
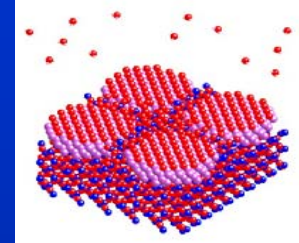


40 hrs **e-beam** exposures
 $\sim 5 \mu A/mm^2$
 2×10^{-7} Torr H_2O

Possible degradation mechanisms were identified



- Oxidation of incompletely covered surfaces
- Oxygen diffusion into the capping layer and subsequent chemical reactions
- Oxidation via defects (pecking)



Physical Processes :

- **Transport**
 - to the surface
 - through the capping layer
- **Reaction**
 - on the surface
 - inside the capping layer
 - below the capping layer



Summary

- Compared to Ru-capped MLs TiO₂-capped MLs show:
 - **comparable reflectivity for comparable thickness (>65%)**
 - **superior oxidation resistance (10x better)**
 - **better aging in the air**

However:

- **There are still several unknowns:**
 - **Basic knowledge on the formation of stoichiometric TiO₂**
 - **Lifetime stability as a thin layer**
 - **The effect of thickness and microstructure on lifetime stability**
 - **Photo-catalytic performance as a thin layer under EUV light**

TiO₂-capped ML
ΔR = - 0.3%

65.8%

65.5%